



**SPP**

*Southwest  
Power Pool*

***Facility Study  
For  
Generation Interconnection  
Request  
GEN-2011-012***

***SPP Generation  
Interconnection Studies***

***(#GEN-2011-012)***

**March 2013**

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## Revision History

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Date	Author	Change Description
1/11/2012	SPP	Facility Study Report Issued
3/26/2013	SPP	Account for Definitive Interconnection System Impact Restudy Results (DISIS-2011-001-3)

**Summary**

Xcel Energy Inc. (Xcel) performed a detailed Facility Study at the request of Southwest Power Pool (SPP) for Generation Interconnection request GEN-2011-012 (104.5 MW). The request for interconnection was placed with SPP in accordance with SPP’s Open Access Transmission Tariff, which covers new generation interconnections on SPP’s transmission system.

**Interconnection Customer Interconnection Facilities**

The Interconnection Customer will be responsible for the 230 kV transmission line from its wind farm Substation to the Point of Interconnection (POI), the new SPS switching station located adjacent to the new 230 kV line from Hitchland Interchange to Moore County Interchange. In addition, the customer will be responsible for reactive power compensation equipment to maintain 95% lagging (providing vars) and 95% leading (absorbing vars) power factor at the point of interconnection.

**Transmission Owner Interconnection Facilities and Non-Shared Network Upgrades**

Per the following Facility Study, the Interconnection Customer is responsible for \$3,654,353.00 of Transmission Owner Interconnection Facilities and non-shared network upgrades.

**Shared Network Upgrades**

The interconnection customer was studied within the DISIS-2011-001 Impact Study. At this time, the Interconnection Customer is allocated \$8,467,704.83 for shared network upgrades.

Upgrade Description	Allocated Cost	Total Cost
Beaver County -Buckner 345kV circuit #1. Build approximately 90 miles of 345kV from Beaver County - Buckner (construction by OKGE).	\$3,132,449.62	\$105,609,050.00
Beaver County -Buckner 345kV circuit #1. Build approximately 90 miles of 345kV from Beaver County - Buckner (construction by Sunflower).	\$1,916,088.12	\$64,600,000.00
Beaver County 345kV Expansion. Tap and tie in Hitchland – Woodward circuit #2.	\$103,812.82	\$3,500,000.00
Matthewson – Cimarron 345kV circuit #2. Build second 345kV transmission line from Matthewson to Cimarron.	\$673,473.12	\$42,903,753.00
Tatonga – Mathewson 345kV circuit #2. Build Mathewson Substation. Build second 345kV transmission line from Tatonga to Mathewson.	\$2,641,881.15	\$104,260,473.00
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$8,467,704.83</b>	

If higher queued interconnection customers withdraw from the queue, suspend or terminate their GIA, restudies will have to be conducted to determine the Interconnection Customers’ allocation of shared network upgrades. All studies have been conducted on the basis of higher queued interconnection requests and the upgrades associated with those higher queued interconnection requests being placed in service.

### **Additional Required Network Upgrades**

Certain Network Upgrades that are not the cost responsibility of the Customer are required for Interconnection. These Network Upgrades include:

1. Hitchland – Woodward 345kV double circuit transmission line, scheduled for 6/30/2014 in-service
2. Hitchland 345/230kV Autotransformer circuit #2, scheduled for 6/30/2014 in-service
3. Spearville – Clark – Thistle 345kV double circuit 345kV transmission line, scheduled for 12/31/2014 in-service
4. Thistle – Flat Ridge 138kV circuit #1, scheduled for 12/31/2014 in-service
5. Thistle – Wichita 345kV double circuit 345kV transmission line, scheduled for 12/31/2014 in-service
6. Thistle – Woodward 345kV double circuit transmission line, scheduled for 12/31/2014 in-service
7. Thistle 345/138kV Transformer circuit #1, scheduled for 12/31/2014 in-service
8. Tuco Interchange 345/230/13.2kV Autotransformer circuit #2, scheduled for 3/31/2014 in-service
9. Woodward 345/138/13.8kV Transformer circuit #2, scheduled for 5/19/2014 in-service

Depending upon the status of higher or equally queued customers, the Interconnection Customer's in service date may be delayed until the in service date of these Network Upgrades.

### **Conclusion**

Interconnection Service for GEN-2011-012 will be delayed until the Transmission Owner Interconnection Facilities and Non-Shared Network Upgrades are constructed. The Customer is responsible for \$3,654,353.00 of Transmission Owner Interconnection Facilities and Non-Shared Network Upgrades. At this time, the Interconnection Customer is allocated \$8,467,704.83 for Shared Network Upgrades. After all Interconnection Facilities and Network Upgrades have been placed into service, Interconnection Service for 104.5 MW, as requested by GEN-2011-012 can be allowed. At this time the total allocation of costs of Interconnection Service for GEN-2011-012 are estimated at \$12,122,057.83.



**Facilities Study For  
Southwest Power Pool (SPP)**  
104.5 MW Generation Facilities  
Hansford County, Texas  
SPP #GEN-2011-012

December 13, 2011

Xcel Energy Services, Inc.  
Transmission Planning

## Executive Summary

[omitted text] (“Interconnection Customer”) in 2011 requested the interconnection of a wind energy facility located in Hansford County, Texas to the Southwestern Public Service Company (SPS) transmission network. SPS is a New Mexico Corporation and wholly owned subsidiary of Xcel Energy Inc. This facility has a net capacity of 104.5 MW. The Interconnection Customer’s facility will connect to a new SPS switching station located adjacent to the new 230 kV line from Hitchland Interchange to Moore County Interchange. The new 230 kV Switching Station is located approximately 33 miles southwest of Hitchland Interchange on circuit K-75. The Interconnection Customer’s requested commercial operation date and back-feed date is 12/31/14 and 11/24/14, respectively.

The Southwest Power Pool (SPP) evaluated the request (GEN-2011-012) to interconnect the generator facility to the SPS transmission system in a Definitive Interconnection System Impact Study (DISIS-2011-001) completed in July 2011. The interconnection request was studied using thirty-eight (38) GE 2.75 MW units for a total output of 104.5 MW at their substation, which will have one (1) 72/95/118 MVA 230/34.5 kV transformer. The Interconnection Customer is required to build 230 kV transmission line from their substation wind farm facility to the SPS new 230 kV switching station. The Interconnection Customer will be required to maintain a Power Factor of 0.95 lagging and 0.95 leading at the Point of Interconnection (POI).

SPS requires that all construction for this request be in compliance with the latest revision of the Xcel Energy Interconnection Guidelines for Transmission Interconnection Producer-Owned Generation Greater Than 20 MW available at:

[http://www.xcelenergy.com/Energy\\_Partners/Generation\\_Owners/Interconnection\\_Guidelines/Interconnections\\_for\\_Transmission](http://www.xcelenergy.com/Energy_Partners/Generation_Owners/Interconnection_Guidelines/Interconnections_for_Transmission)). This document describes the requirements for connecting new generation to the Xcel Energy transmission systems including technical, protection, commissioning, operation, and maintenance. Also, this document has a section on Frequency and Frequency Control for the SPP Region on page 21, under SPP criteria, to open tie lines at 58.5 Hz and automatically trip generators. Due to the structure of the under-frequency load-shedding plan, it is necessary that generators be able to sustain frequencies to at least 58.5 Hz. SPS will also require that the Interconnection Customer be in compliance with all applicable criteria, guidelines, standards, requirements, regulations, and procedures issued by the North American Electric Reliability Corporation (NERC), Southwest Power Pool (SPP), and the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) or their successor organizations.

The Interconnection Customer is responsible for the cost of the Interconnection Facilities, installation of the Direct Assigned Interconnection Facilities; inclusive of all construction required for the 230 kV transmission line from the Interconnection Customer’s substation to the SPS new switching station.

As for this request (GEN-2011-012), it is anticipated that the entire process of adding the new 230 kV switching station for the acceptance of the Mustang Wind Farm facility output, will require approximately 18 months to complete after an Interconnection Agreement is signed and an authorization to proceed is received. The cost of these upgrades, inclusive of the Interconnection Customer’s cost for the interconnection of this Wind Farm facility, is shown below in Table 1, with the detailed description of the cost shown in Table 3.

**Table 1, Cost Summary<sup>a</sup>**

Network Upgrades:	\$ 4,963,230
Transmission Owner Interconnection Facilities:	\$ 230,000
Total:	<b>\$ 5,193,230</b>

<sup>a</sup> The cost estimates are 2011 dollars with an accuracy level of ±20%.

## General Description of SPS<sup>b</sup> Facilities

### 1. Construction of New Switching Station: See Appendix A, Figure A-1 for general vicinity location map.

- 1.1. **Location:** SPS will build a new 230 kV three (3) breaker ring bus at a new switching station. Appendix A, Figure A-2, shows a preliminary one-line of the new switching station, while Figure A-3 shows a typical elevation view of the Point of Interconnection (POI).
- 1.2. **Bus Design:** The new 230 kV three-breaker ring-bus switching station will be built to accommodate the output from the wind energy facility. This is shown in Appendix A, Figure A-2.
- 1.3. **Line Terminals:** The 230kV lines and static wire terminals will be designed to accommodate 2,000 pounds per phase conductor at maximum tension, with a maximum 15-degree pull off from normal.
- 1.4. **Control House:** The control house for proposed switching station will be utilized to house the new metering, protective relaying and control devices, terminal cabinets, and any fiber-optic cable termination, etc. for the new 230 kV line breaker terminals.
- 1.5. **Security Fence:** The switching station will have a 7 foot chain-link fence with steel posts set in concrete with 1-foot of barbed wire on the top in a "V" configuration. The enclosed area will be approximately 400' x 400', with a rock yard surface.
- 1.6. **Ground Grid:** A complete ground grid will be installed per ANSI/IEEE STD 80-1986, with our standard 4/0 copper ground mesh on 40-foot centers with ground rods and 20-foot centers in corners and loop outside of fence.
- 1.7. **Site Grading:** Company contractor, per company specifications, will perform any site grading and erosion control to accommodate the new line terminal. Soil compaction shall be not less than 95% of laboratory density as determined by ASTM-D-698.
- 1.8. **Station Power:** A 133 kV/120-240volt transformer tapped off of the 230 kV bus will provide station power. A backup station power source will be taken from local distribution if it is available or a generator will be installed if none is available. A flip-flop to automatically transfer the station power will be installed.
- 1.9. **Relay and Protection Scheme:** The new 230 kV breaker line terminal primary protection to the interconnection customer 230 kV transmission line will use line current differential relaying over optical fiber installed in the static of the customer's 230 kV transmission line. Secondary relaying will use mirrored bit, Permissive Overreaching Transfer Trip (POTT) over the optical fiber. An SEL 311L and an SEL 421 will be used as primary and secondary relays, respectively. No automatic re-closing scheme will be used. The SEL 421 will be used for line/bus SCADA closing conditions for the 230 kV breaker. Also, a SEL 501-0 will be used for breaker failure. Modifications at Hitchland Interchange and Moore County Interchange will be required.

An SEL DTA-2 will display the bus voltage, GCB amps, MW, MVAR, and fault location. A communication relay will be installed and for other functions as required.

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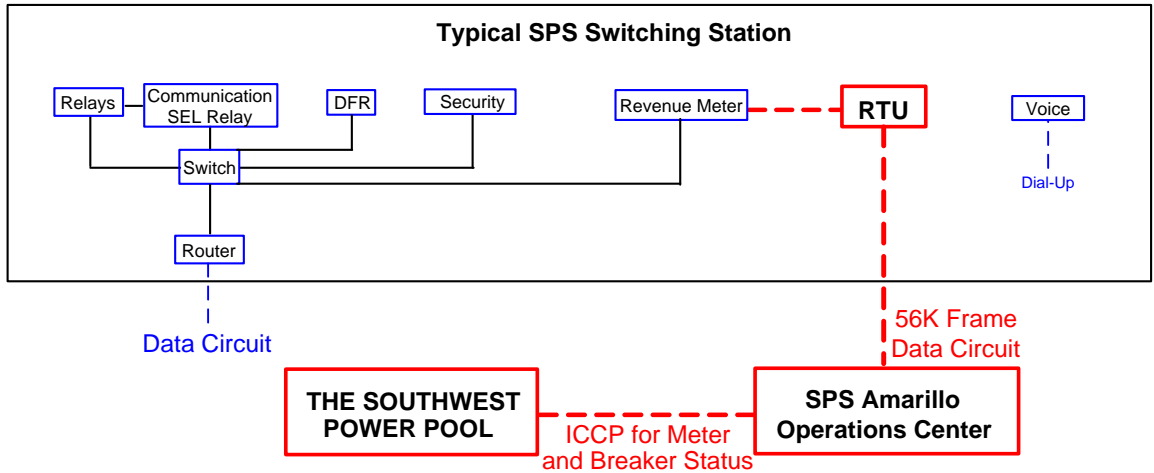
<sup>b</sup> All modifications to SPS facilities will be owned, maintained and operated by SPS.



- 1.10. Revenue Metering:** On the SPS new switching station 230 kV line terminal to the Interconnection Customer's substation, an individual billing meter will be installed along with a meter per ANSI C12.1 accuracy class 0.2 (3-PT's IEEE C57.13 accuracy class 0.3 and 3-CT's IEEE C57.13 accuracy class 0.15) for full 3-phase 4-wire metering. Also installed for the metering units will be 3-PT's and 3-CT's for full 3-phase 4-wire metering. There will be two meters per line terminal: one will be primary and the other will be back up, each will have full 4 quadrant metering. Pulses out of the primary billing meter will be sent via SCADA to the Transmission Owner's Control Center in Amarillo, Texas.
- 1.11. Disturbance Monitoring Device:** A Disturbance Fault Recorder (DFR), capable of recording faults, swings, and long term trending, will be installed to monitor and record conditions in the substation and on the transmission lines. The disturbance equipment shall also be equipped with a GPS time synching clock. This equipment will have communication capability with a dedicated communication circuit. The disturbance equipment will have its own dedicated communications circuit.
- 1.12. Remote Terminal Unit (RTU):** A new RTU will be utilized with communications for the new switching station. A Communication SEL Relay will be installed for relay communications and other functions as required. SPS will provide and install an RTU for metering and telemetry at the Interconnection Customer's facility as required by the latest Xcel Energy Interconnection Guidelines. The direct cost will be charged to the Interconnection Customer.
- 1.13. Communications:** To meet its Communications obligations, the Interconnection Customer shall be responsible for making arrangements with the local phone company to provide telephone circuits as required by the Transmission Owner. Transmission Owner equipment may include, but is not limited to, the following: relay communication equipment, RTU, and disturbance monitoring equipment at the new Switching Station. Prior to any construction, the Interconnection Customer is required to contact the Transmission Owner substation-engineering department for all communication details.

The following communications schematic diagram, which includes communication equipment information for the Interconnection Customer, Transmission Provider (Southwest Power Pool) and Transmission Owner (Southwestern Public Service), is provided to assist the Parties.

A schematic outlining the proposed communications is provided below:



Interconnection Customer shall be responsible for providing fiber optic communication circuit installed in the overhead transmission line static wire for protective relaying from the customer substation to the new 230 kV Switching Station.

## 2. Transmission Work:

- 2.1. The Interconnection Customer will construct, own, operate, and maintain any customer owned 230 kV transmission line from the Interconnection Customer's substation to the Interconnection Point at SPS's new 230 kV Switching Station. This line is shown in Appendix A, Figure A-1 and is estimated to be less than a mile. **The SPS transmission design group prior to any construction by the Interconnection Customer or its contractor on any customer 230 kV transmission lines, or doing work in close proximity to any SPS transmission line, will require an engineering review of the customer's design. It is the Interconnection Customer's responsibility to initiate the design review in a timely manner before construction of any transmission line begins. If the review has not been made or the design at any of the aforementioned locations is deemed inadequate, the crossing(s) and or termination into the interchange will be delayed until the matters are resolved. SPS will not be held responsible for these delays.**

## 3. Right-Of-Way:

- 3.1. **Permitting:** Permitting for the construction of a new 230 kV line terminal at the new 230 kV Switching Station is not required from the Public Utility Commission in the State of Texas. The interconnection customer will be responsible for any permitting and right of way of their substation and the 230 kV transmission line from their substation to the Interconnection Point at new 230 kV Switching Station.

4. **Construction Power and Distribution Service:** It is the sole responsibility of the Interconnection Customer to make arrangements for both construction and station power, which may be required for the Interconnection Customer's generation facility. Additionally, if the Interconnection Customer's substation(s) and/or construction site(s) are located outside of the SPS service area, SPS cannot provide station power (retail distribution service) and the Interconnection Customer needs to make arrangements for distribution service from the local retail provider.

## 5. Project and Operating Concerns:

- 5.1. Close work between the Transmission group, the Interconnection Customer's personnel and local operating groups will be imperative in order to meet any in-service date that has been established.
- 5.2. The Interconnection customer will be required to maintain a Power Factor of 0.95 lagging and a 0.95 leading at the Point of Interconnection (POI), which is based on SPP's DISIS-2011-001 Table 4-2 "Power Factor Requirements". This is required to maintain acceptable dynamic voltage rise as per latest revision of the Xcel Energy Interconnection Guidelines for Transmission Interconnection Producer-Owned Generation Greater than 20 MW.

6. **Fault Current Study:** The available fault current at the interconnection location, without and with any contribution from the new generator facilities, is shown in Table 2.

**Table 2, - Available fault current at interconnection location**

<b>Short Circuit Information without contribution from new Generator Facilities (GEN 2011-012)</b>				
Fault Location	Fault Current (Amps)		Impedance ( $\Omega$ )	
	Line-to-Ground	3-Phase	$Z^+$	$Z^0$
230 kV Bus	3,924	4,516	3.521 + j29.19	10.042 + j41.704

<b>Short Circuit Information without the contribution from new Generator Facilities (GEN 2011-012), But with the addition of all the Proposed Infrastructure Transmission Lines by SPP.</b>				
Fault Location	Fault Current (Amps)		Impedance ( $\Omega$ )	
	Line-to-Ground	3-Phase	$Z^+$	$Z^0$
230 kV Bus	Not Available	8,262 @-116°	Not Available	Not Available

## Estimated Construction Costs

The projects required for the interconnection of 104.5 MW Wind Generation facilities consist of the projects summarized in the table below.

**Table 3, Required Interconnection Projects<sup>c</sup>**

<b>Project</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Estimated Cost</b>
	<b>Network Upgrades</b>	
1	Disturbance Monitoring Device (DFR)	\$ 120,000
2	Transmission Line Work	\$ 711,008
3	Right-Of-Way	\$ 41,721
4	230 kV 3-Breaker, Ring Bus Switching Station	\$ 3,836,001
5	Remote Terminal Unit (RTU)	\$ 54,500
6	Modifications to Terminal at Hitchland Interchange	\$ 100,000
7	Modifications to Terminal at Moore Co Interchange	\$ 100,000
	<b>Subtotal:</b>	<b>\$ 4,963,230</b>
	<b>Transmission Owner Interconnection Facilities (at the Interconnection Customer's expense)</b>	
8	Communications <sup>d</sup>	\$ See footnote
9	Revenue metering	\$ 200,000
10	230 kV Line arrestors	\$ 30,000
	<b>Subtotal:</b>	<b>\$ 230,000</b>
	<b>Total Cost</b>	<b>\$ 5,193,230</b>

### Engineering and Construction:

An engineering and construction schedule for this project is estimated at approximately 18 months. Other factors associated with clearances, equipment delays and work schedules could cause additional delays. This is applicable after all required agreements are signed and internal approvals are granted.

All additional cost for work not identified in this study is the sole responsibility of the Interconnection Customer unless other arrangements are made.

<sup>c</sup> The cost estimates are 2011 dollars with an accuracy level of ±20%.

<sup>d</sup> It is the Requester's responsibility to provide both the data circuit and communication circuits, see Section 1.12.

## Appendix A

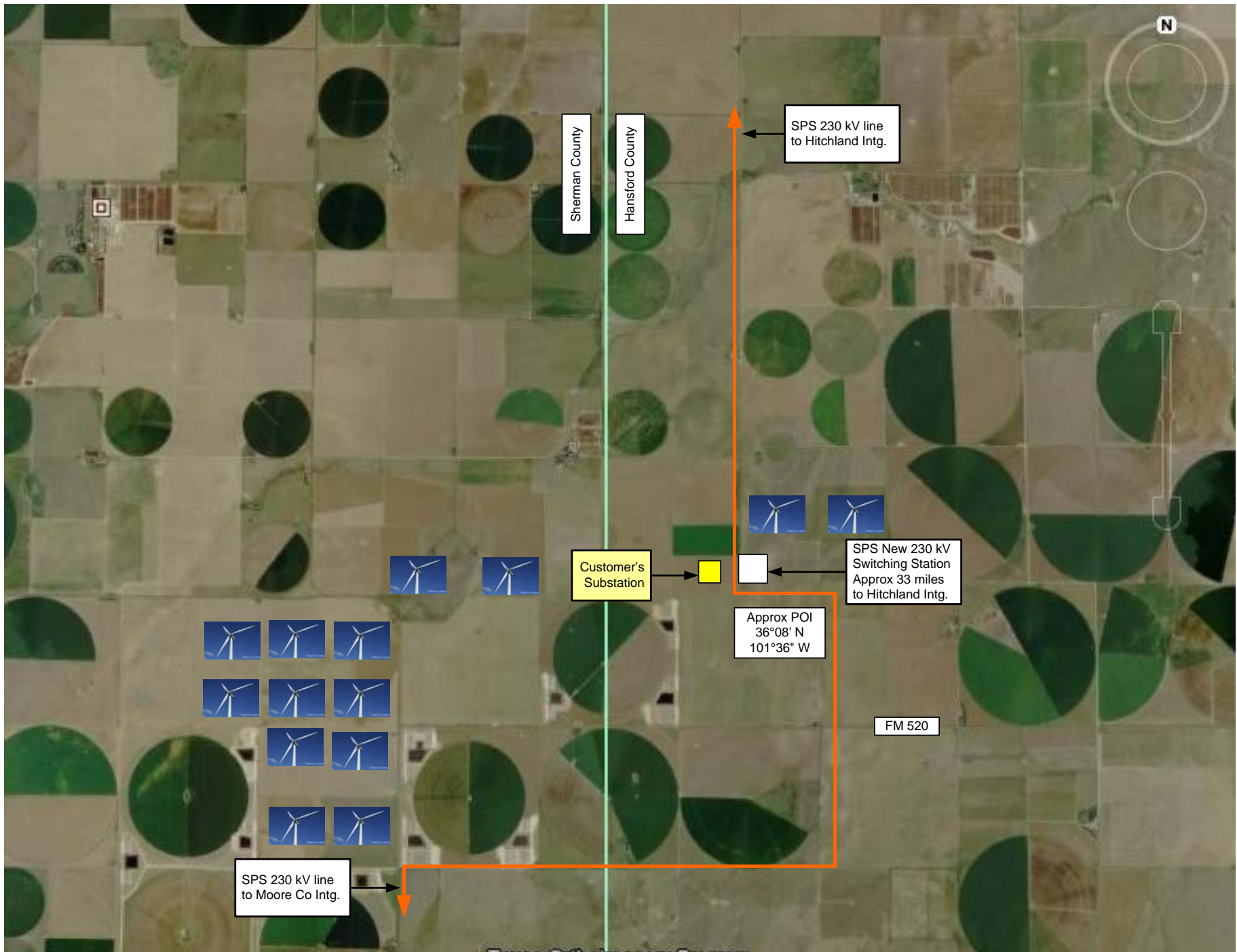
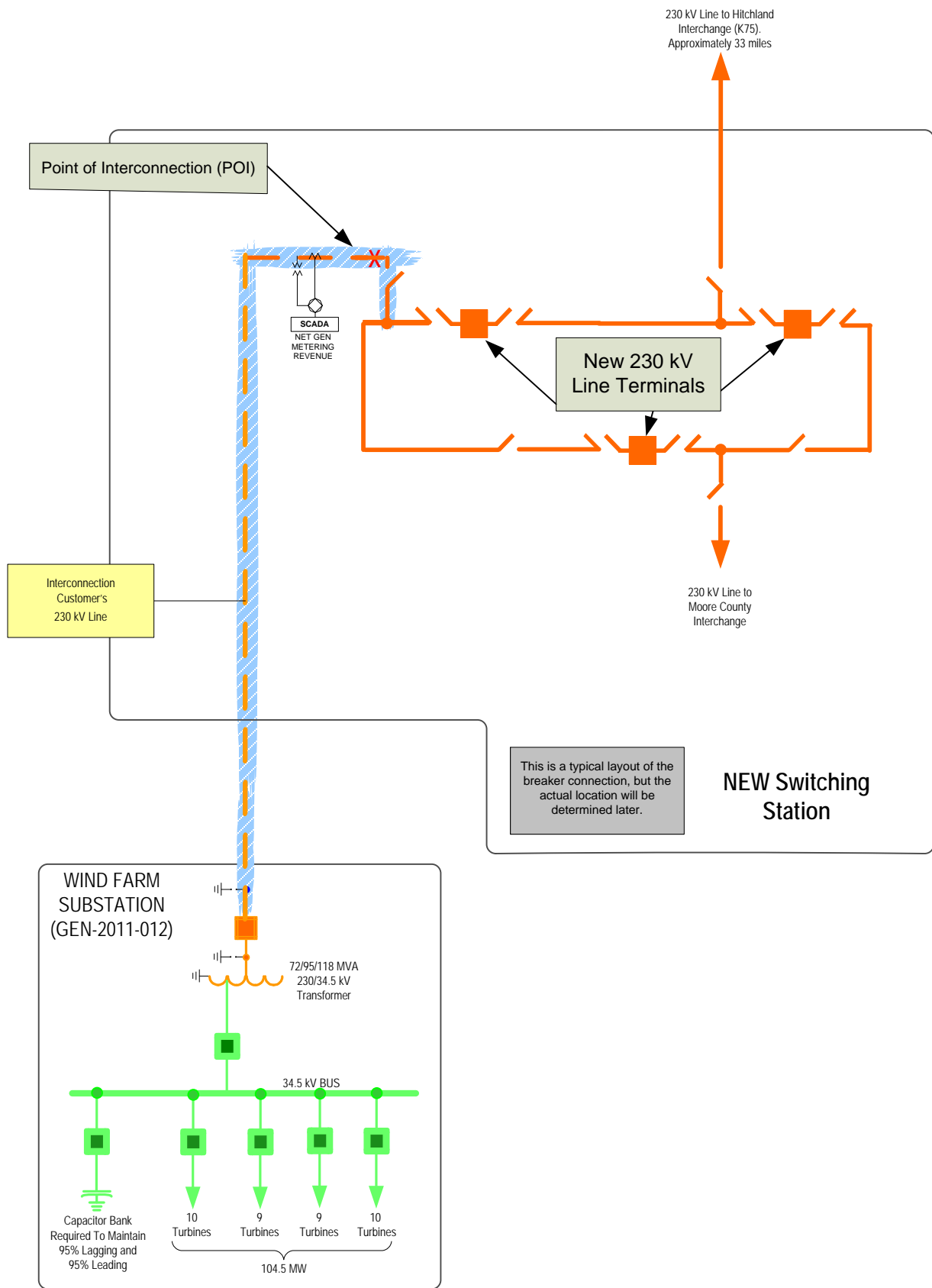


Figure A-1. Approximate location of New 230 kV Switching Station



**Figure A-2. One-line Diagram of New 230 kV Switching Station**



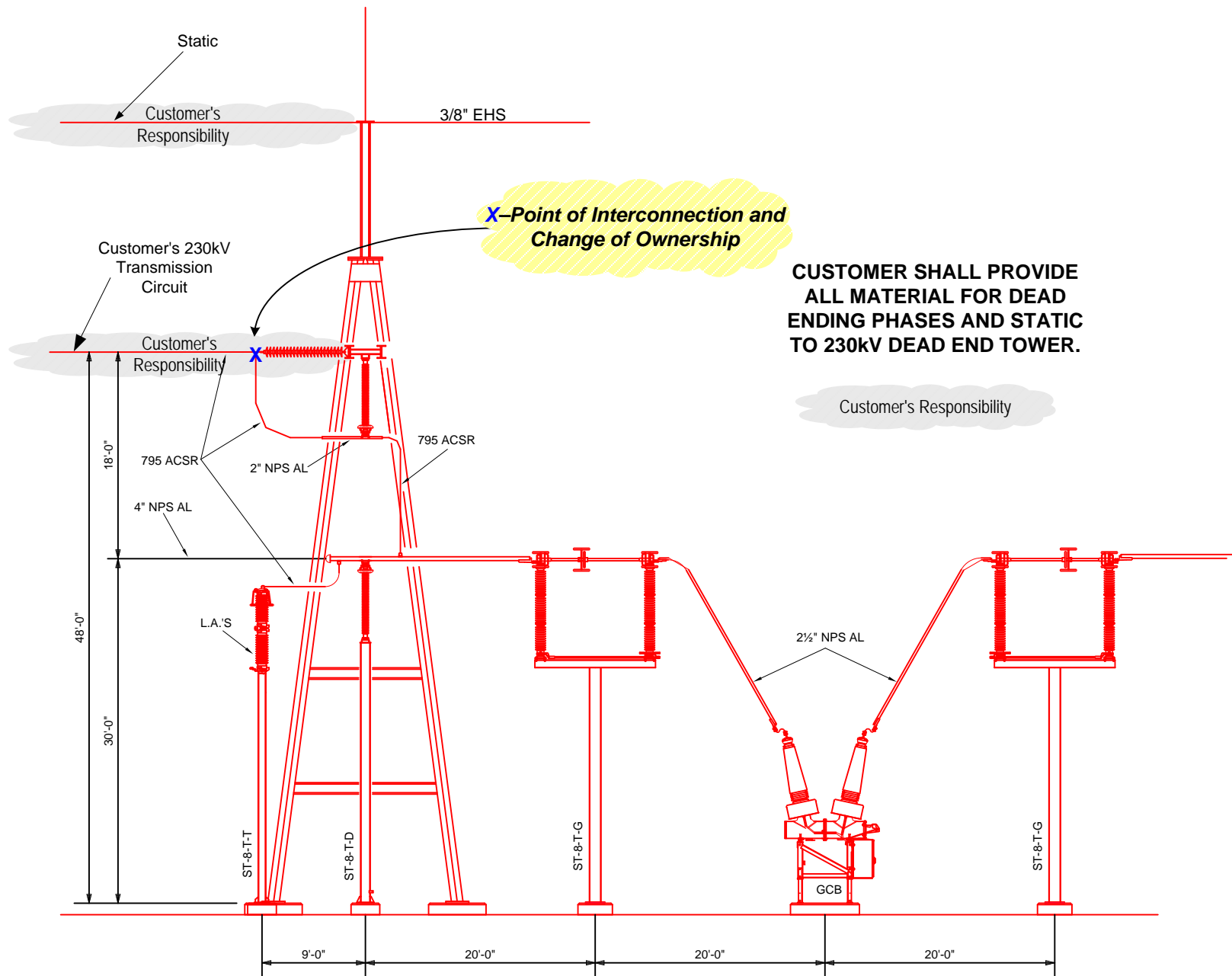


Figure A-3 Point of Interconnection & Change of Ownership (Typical)

*– END OF REPORT –*